The Leader in Me

and

Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports

Twin Oaks Elementary Timberwolves

Handbook 2017-2018

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An electronic copy of this handbook is available on: http://toes.rocklinusd.org

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Introduction to The Leader in Me and Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports

The positive approach of PBIS in support of The Leader in Me and the 7 Habits of Highly Effective People ensures that our students will be taught the behaviors we expect. They will be rewarded when they succeed, corrected when they make mistakes, always under the overarching ideal that Leadership is doing what is right even when no one is looking.

This manual is for Twin Oaks Parents and families. Its purpose is to explain the school wide positive behavioral expectations, interventions, and supports the PBIS team with staff input, have developed. This is a living document, which means that it will be updated and adjusted as staff sees the need for changes and/or additions to our systems.

For a school wide system to work effectively, it is important that all staff members and our families read and understand this manual of support. Questions can be addressed to your PBIS team.

How Does PBIS Support The Leader in Me?

The Leader in Me addresses the whole child with an emphasis and focus on fostering a strong intrinsic motivation to do what is right. The common language of The Leader in Me helps children learn to take responsibility for their actions and choices, to make more positive choices and to work on all areas of their lives, not just behavior.

PBIS is a process of positive behavioral reinforcement to change behavior that will enable the staff at Twin Oaks to proactively teach and reinforce expectations for student behavior. PBIS is a compliment to The Leader in Me.

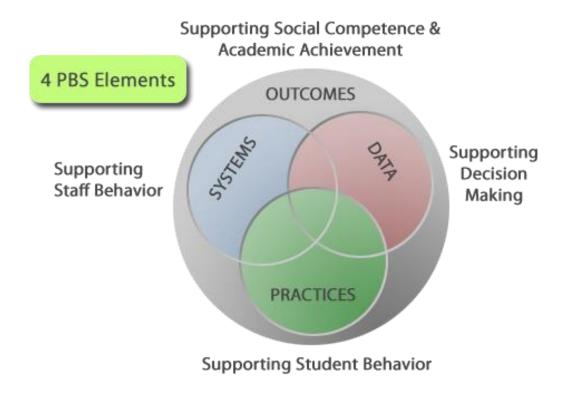
What is School-wide PBIS?

Definition

School-wide positive behavior intervention and supports (SW-PBIS) is a system of tools and strategies for defining, teaching, acknowledging appropriate behavior, and correcting inappropriate behavior. It is a framework for creating customized school systems that support student outcomes and academic success. School-wide PBIS focuses on the development and implementation of pro-active procedures and practices to prevent problem behavior for all students and improve school climate.

There are four main elements in SW-PBIS:

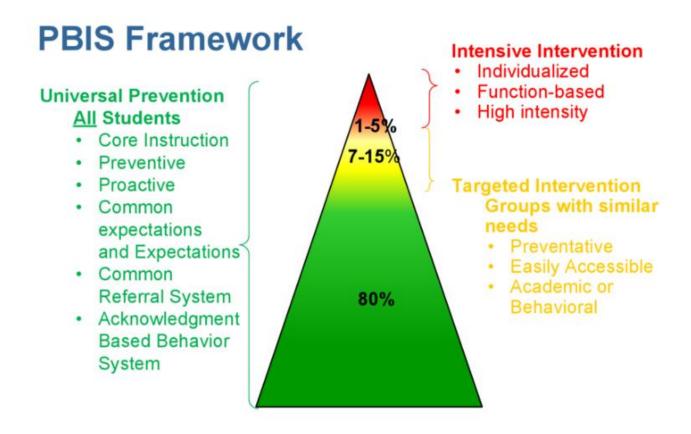
- Customized practices to support student behavior, such as defining and teaching appropriate behavior
- Systems of support for educators in the school; such as school-wide behavioral expectations, indicators, and coaching
- Data-based decision making, which is the corner stone of the behavior problem-solving process
- And, the combination of these to enable school-wide outcomes, which promote social proficiency and academic success.



Multi-Tier Support

School wide means that all staff support appropriate behavior in the classroom and non-classroom (Bathrooms, assemblies, hallways, etc) areas. This support happens along a continuum from Tier 1 instruction and support for all students. Tier 1 support refers to best first instruction for all. Tier 2 supports focus on the smaller group of students who need more instruction and modeling for learning to elicit positive outcomes. Tier 2 support might include additional instruction in one area of behavioral need, participation in social skills groups. Tier 3 support is focused on the few students who require intensive support. Tier 3 supports could include a behavior intervention plan developed by teacher or district's Behavior Specialist.

Continuum of School Wide Instruction & Positive Behavior Support



An important aspect of PBIS is the understanding that appropriate behavior and social competence is a skill that requires direct instruction just like math and reading. There is no assumption in PBIS that students will learn social behavior automatically or pick it up as they go through life. This critical feature leads to its effectiveness.

For more information:

http://www.pbis.org/school/swpbis-for-beginners

The School-wide PBIS Team

The PBIS team is representative of the entire school staff across grade levels, classified staff, Special Education staff, etc. Having a representative team will improve communication and feedback about PBIS programs in the school and should also improve involvement and buy-in throughout the school. Current PBIS Team is comprised of the following members:

Team Members & Role Description

Team Member	Position	Team Role
Lisa Hartman	Speech Pathologist	Team Leader
Elli Tremblay	4 th Grade Teacher	Minute Taker
Cachet Abedi	Instructional Aide	Minute Taker
Rick Pitts	5 th Grade Teacher	Data Analyst
Sarah James	Principal	Data Analyst
Jennipher Baker	1 st Grade Teacher	Team Member
Lili Newman	2 nd Grade Teacher	Team Member
Carol Ann Watkins	Kindergarten Teacher	Team Member
Danielle Nelson	Parent	Team Member
Jessica Mougeotte	Parent	Team Member
Ellen Hatcher	6 th Grade Teacher	Team Member

Responsibilities of PBIS Team

- Hold PBIS meetings on-site once per month to plan and coordinate school-wide behavior systems. The team is responsible for planning PBIS activities and programs (acknowledgment assemblies, and booster lessons of school rules) and continually monitoring and updating PBIS programs.
- Attending district-wide meetings and trainings to promote the continuing development and maintenance of PBIS programs at your school.
- Present PBIS news at staff meetings to keep staff up to date with school PBIS programs and receive input and feedback from staff.
- The PBIS Team Leader is responsible for facilitating monthly PBIS meetings on-site and being the liaison with district PBIS efforts through PBIS District Leadership meetings held every other month.

The following pages describe the School-wide PBIS plans and programs for this year. It is expected that all school staff and parents/families will be active participants in our plan for success.

Behavior Expectations

Behavioral expectations: Twin Oaks Elementary School has four behavioral expectations for all Students that support The 7 Habits of Highly Effective People in maintaining a safe and respectful environment.

Be RespectfuL ~ Be ResponsiblE ~ Be SAfe ~ Be KinD Are you LEADing?

Behavior matrix: a matrix with settings, events, or classroom routines along the top with the behavioral expectations in the left column. Each matrix junction (box) contains the behavior indicators, or what the behavior expectation looks like in that particular setting or event.

Behavior indicators: what the behavioral expectations look like in a particular school-wide setting, event, or classroom routine.

Procedures: specific ways for students to complete tasks. An example of this is how to behave responsibly during transitions: 1. Clean up your area, 2. Stand and push in your chair, 3. Eyes are on me.

Why do we have School-Wide Behavior Expectations?

Having a few simple, positively stated rules facilitates the teaching of behavioral expectations across school settings because students will be learning through the same language. By focusing on 4 simple rules it is easier for students to remember. It is also important for staff because instruction focusing on a few simple rules will improve teaching and consistency across staff through the use of a common language.

Positively stated rules are important, because research has shown that recognizing students for following the rules is even more important than catching them breaking the rules. By stating rules positively, the hope is that staff will be more likely to use the rules to catch students engaging in the appropriate behavior.

Teaching Expectations and Routines

One of the most important reasons to teach behavioral expectations and routines across settings is that so all students know what is expected by all adults on campus. This will improve consistency across staff in holding students accountable for their behavior.

During the first week of school, we will focus on teaching the school-wide rules, behavioral expectations, and routines to all students across all settings in the school. Our success depends on the participation and support from the entire staff.

What are Routines?

Routines are the procedures and processes that students are expected to follow to keep things running smoothly and prevent problems. Examples of routines include: entering the cafeteria, the lunch line process, the dismissal process for classes from lunch, process for sharpening your pencil in class, etc. Choosing routines is a thoughtful process, since some routines can inadvertently set up students to engage in misbehavior. Routines are to be taught and reinforced during the first week of school so that everyone in the school is following the same set of procedures.

Code of Conduct

	GREAT LEADERS ARE			
AREA	RESPECTFUL	RESPONSIBLE	SAFE	KIND
Arrival/ Dismissal	 Voice level 2 or 3 Use appropriate language Following directions Be aware of other's space and personal belongings in the hallway 	Use cell phones after 2:20 dismissal Follow directions at all times Arrive on campus after 7:35am Drop Backpacks at classroom and go to the playground Leave campus at 1:20/2:20	Use crosswalk and sidewalk Walk at all times Walk bike, scooters, skateboards while on campus Keep hands, feet and objects to self Wear or carry your backpack	 Use kind, positive words Walking with someone who is alone Say "Hi", "Goodbye", "Have a good day" or "See you tomorrow" to students and staff
Bathrooms	 Voice Level 1 Give people privacy Respect property- yours and others Use only the amount needed of paper towels 	 Carry a Hall pass Flush toilet Wash Hands Put paper towels in garbage 	Keep water in sink Walk at all times Get back to class as soon as you can Report problems to the staff	Use appropriate language Use kind words and actions
Bike Rack	Respect other's propertyWalk bike, scooter,	Walk bike, scooter, skateboard anywhere on campus Lock your bike Leave scooters and skateboards at teacher designated area Take helmet to class or lock it up	•Stay on the sidewalks when walking bike across campus	Use kind words and appropriate language.Assisting someone in need.
Den (lunch)	Voice Level 2 Eat your own lunch Raise a quiet hand for help Respect others' space	Walk into the Den in a quiet line Sit at your designated table Clean up after yourself, throw away garbage	Walk at all times Stand quietly in line, with hands at your side Sit while eating Hold tray with both hands	Use kind words and actions Be patient while waiting
Den (assemblies)	Voice Level 0 Eyes on speaker/performer Respond only when prompted Applaud at appropriate times	Follow staff directions Stay with your class Facing forward	Walk at all times Pockets on the floor, seated through the presentation Hands and feet to self	Use good manners Use appropriate language Use kinds words and actions
Fire Drill	Voice Level 0 Listen for directions Single line, arm length apart	Stop activity when alarm sounds Get in a number order line Leave material possessions behind	Follow designated leader to safe area Walk at all times Keep hands and feet to self	Assist someone in need Being patient

Hallways	Voice Level 1 Walk single file	Face forward in line, stay to the right Carry Hall pass at all times	Walk on the right hand side Keep hands and feet to self Maintain an arm length distance	Use kind words and appropriate language Assisting someone in need
Library	Voice Level 1 Take care of and handle books carefully. Follow rules for library.	 Return materials to proper places. Take care of library property. Push your chair in, take belongings with you. 	Keep hands and feet to yourself. Sit on chairs, push in chair when not using.	Use kind words and actions Use appropriate language
Lining-Up	Voice level 0 Listen for directions	Shoulders facing forward Line up quickly and quietly	Walk to line Line up in Number Order Hands and feet to yourself	●Be patient
Office	Voice Level 1 Wait patiently to be acknowledged and helped Sit up straight if seated	Carry a Hall Pass Walk into the office quietly and wait at front counter	•Show your Hall Pass •Keep hands to self	•Say please and thank you
Playground	Voice Level 3 Solve problems with "Walk-Talk-Rock." Take care of equipment. Share equipment. Follow game rules.	 Follow game rules. Eat Snacks on the wall, picnic tables only Throw trash in the garbage can Hold and walk equipment to cart Stay on the playground side of the yellow line 	Keep hands and feet to self Freeze on the warning bell Walk to your line Report concerns to an adult Use equipment properly Play kicking games on field, zero kicking balls on playgroup	Use appropriate language Use kind words and actions Include all in games Ask others to play
Quad	Voice level 2 Respect nature Stay on sidewalks	Use sidewalks at all times Clean up after yourself during outdoor lunch	 Have Hall Pass visible at all times Walk at all times Keep feet on the ground 	Respect nature Use kind words

Lesson: Arrival & Dismissal

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead when Arriving at and Leaving School

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations during Arrival and Dismissal times. What are some ways to LEAD when arriving at school? When being dismissed from school? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Voice level 2 or 3 Use appropriate language Following directions Be aware of other's space and personal belongings in the hallway	Arrive on campus before 7:35am Loitering on campus after 2:20pm Hanging out in the hallways Walking by trash
Be Responsible	Use cell phones after 2:20 dismissal Follow directions at all times Arrive on campus after 7:35am Drop Backpacks at classroom and go to the playground Leave campus at 1:20/2:20	Using electronic devices after the bell Arriving before 7:35 Playing in the hallways Hanging out on the playground after school Riding bike, scooter Walking bikes on the lawn
Be Safe	Using crosswalk and sidewalk Walking at all times Walking bike, scooters, skateboards while on campus Keeping hands, feet and objects to self Wearing or carrying your backpack	Jaywalking Running on sidewalks or across quad Riding bike, scooter, skateboard on campus Pushing, grabbing Swinging backpack or lunch box at others
Be Kind	Using kind, positive words Walking with someone who is alone Saying "Hi", "Goodbye", "Have a good day" or "See you tomorrow" to students and staff	Rushing past others on the sidewalks Yelling at each other Not acknowledging others as you walk by Spreading gossip about others

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to hang out in the hallways?
- Is it okay to be on the other side of the yellow line?
- Is it okay to freeze on the bell?
- Is it okay to play games before school?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing before and after school. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible playground behavior; appropriate and responsible playground Behavior.

Lesson: Bathroom

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead in the Bathroom

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations in the bathroom. What are some ways to LEAD in the bathroom? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Voice Level 1 Give people privacy Respect property- your and others Use only the amount needed of paper towels	Looking under stalls, standing on toilets Writing on walls, slamming stall doors Playing with soap dispenser Taking more paper towels than needed
Be Responsible	Carry a Hall pass Flush toilet Wash Hands Put paper towels in garbage	Don't flush toilet Leave without washing hands Throwing trash on the floor, in the sink or toilet
Be Safe	Keep water in sink Walk at all times Get back to class as soon as you can Report problems to the staff	Splashing and playing with water Running in and out of bathroom Playing in bathroom Hanging out and visiting
Be Kind	Use appropriate language Use kind words and actions	Using inappropriate language Yelling at others Banging on doors

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to use one or two pumps of soap?
- Is it okay to splash the water?
- Is it okay to use one or two paper towels?
- Is it okay to walk in the bathroom?
- Is it okay to flush the toilet?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing in the bathroom. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible bathroom behavior; appropriate and responsible bathroom Behavior.

Lesson: Bike Rack

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to be responsible in the Bike Rack

"Today we are going to talk about ways to be safe in the Bike Rack. What are some ways to LEAD in the Bike Rack? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play, taking turns...)

Today we are going to focus on Appropriate Bike Rack Behavior:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Respect other's property	Touching anyone's property
Be Responsible	Walk bike, scooter, skateboard anywhere on campus Lock your bike Leave scooters and skateboards at teacher designated area Take helmet to class or lock it up	Riding bike, scooter, skateboard on campus Crossing planting areas or lawn with bikes and scooters
Be Safe	Stay on the sidewalks when walking bike across campus	Riding anywhere on campus Crossing the lawn with bikes
Be Kind	Use kind words and appropriate language. Assisting someone in need.	Ignoring someone who needs help Yelling at each other Not acknowledging others as you walk by

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to walk in the Bike Rack?
- Where should you begin to walk your bike?
- Is it OK to walk your bike on the grass?
- When/where is it okay to begin riding your bike after dismissal?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing in the Bike Rack. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and unsafe Bike Rack behavior; appropriate and safe Bike Rack behavior

Assignments:

Lesson: The Den at Lunch

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead in the Den at Lunch

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations in the Den. What are some ways to LEAD in the Den? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on Appropriate Behavior in the Den.

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Voice Level 2 Eat your own lunch Raise a quiet hand for help Respect others' space	Share food with others Leave your table without permission Yelling loudly Touching others and their food
Be Responsible	Walk into the Den in a quiet line Sit at your designated table Clean up after yourself, throw away garbage	Come into the Den with loud voices Sit anywhere you want Leave a mess on the table and floor
Be Safe	Walk at all times Stand quietly in line, with hands at your side Sit while eating Hold tray with both hands	Run into the Den and cut in line Touching others and moving around
Be Kind	Use kind words and actions Be patient while waiting	Laugh at and be rude to others Telling someone they can't sit by you

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to walk in the cafeteria?
- Is it okay to have voice level 0, 1, or 2?
- Is it okay to raise your hand and wait for help?
- Is it okay to say please when making a request?
- Is it okay pick up trash and throw it away?
- Is it okay to cut in line?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing in the cafeteria. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible cafeteria behavior; appropriate and responsible cafeteria Behavior.

Lesson: The Den in an Assembly

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead in the Den during an Assembly

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations in the Den during an Assembly. What are some ways to LEAD in the Den? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on Appropriate Behavior in the Den.

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Voice Level 0 Eyes on speaker/performer Respond only when prompted Applaud at appropriate times	Share food with others Leave your table without permission Yelling loudly Touching others and their food
Be Responsible	Follow staff directions Stay with your class Facing forward	Talking at inappropriate times Turning around and talking Booing/laughing at the performer
Be Safe	Walk at all times Pockets on the floor, seated through the presentation Hands and feet to self	Running. Sitting on heels Pushing, shoving
Be Kind	Use good manners Use appropriate language Use kinds words and actions	Booing/talking during presentation

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to enter in a single line?
- Is it okay to enter like a mob?
- Is it okay to follow directions?
- Is it okay to keep your hands and feet to yourself?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing in the Den during an Assembly. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible assembly behavior; appropriate and responsible assembly behavior.

Lesson: Fire Drill

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead during a Fire Drill

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations during a Fire Drill. What are some ways to LEAD during a Fire Drill? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Voice Level 0 Listen for directions Single line, arm length apart	Talking Continuing to work
Be Responsible	Stop activity when alarm sounds Get in a number order line Leave material possessions behind	Running across playground Hiding in classroom
Be Safe	Follow designated leader to safe area Walk at all times Keep hnds and feet to self	Running Playing in line Hiding in classroom
Be Kind	Assisting someone in need Being patient	Being impatient- pushing, shoving

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to line up quickly and quietly?
- Is it okay to hold the door for others?
- Is it okay to walk across the playground?
- Is it okay to Wait Quietly for directions?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing during a Fire Drill. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible Fire Drill behavior; appropriate and responsible Fire Drill Behavior.

Lesson: Hallways

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to be responsible in the hallway

"Today we are going to talk about ways to be safe in the hallway. What are some ways to LEAD in the Hallway? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play, taking turns...)

Today we are going to focus on Appropriate Hallway Behavior:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Voice Level 1 Walk single file	Talking loudly (yelling, laughing, whistling)
Be Responsible	Face forward in line, stay to the right Carry Hall pass at all times	Turning and talking to people around you
Be Safe	Walk on the right hand side Keep hands and feet to self Maintain an arm length distance	Running, skipping, jumping, bouncing balls, pushing or shoving Walking too close to person in front of you
Be Kind	Use kind words and appropriate language Assisting someone in need	Ignoring someone who needs help

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to walk in the hallway?
- Is it okay to walk on the left?
- Is it OK to whisper to a friend?
- Is it okay to keep your hands and feet to yourself?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing in the hallways. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and unsafe hallway behavior; appropriate and safe hallway behavior

Assignments:

Lesson: Library

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead in the Library

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations in the Library. What are some ways to LEAD in the library? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example
Be Respectful	Voice Level 1 Take care of and handle books carefully. Follow rules for library.	Yell or talk loudly with others. Throw books on the counter or floor.
Be Responsible	Return materials to proper places. Take care of library property. Push your chair in, take belongings with you.	Put books away anywhere you want. Leave your chair out, leave a mess on the table.
Be Safe	Keep hands and feet to yourself. Sit on chairs, push in chair when not using.	Touching others or their books. Standing/kneeling on chairs and tables.
Be Kind	Use kind words and actions Use appropriate language	Laugh at and be rude to others. Telling someone they can't sit by you.

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to walk in the library?
- Is it okay to touch others with objects like the shelf markers?
- Is it okay to keep your hands and feet to yourself?
- Is it okay to whisper (voice level 1)?
- Is it okay to read a book?
- Is it okay to stay in your personal space?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing in the library. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible library behavior; appropriate and responsible library Behavior.

Lesson: Lining Up

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead when lining up.

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations when lining up. What are some ways to LEAD when lining up? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation Example		Non-Example	
Be Respectful	Voice level 0 Listen for directions	Talking loudly (yelling, laughing, whistling)	
Be Responsible	Be Responsible Shoulders facing forward Line up quickly and quietly Turning and talking to people around you		
Be Safe Walk to line Line up in Number Order Hands and feet to yourself		Running, skipping, jumping, bouncing balls Standing anywhere In a group with friends	
Be Kind Be patient		Pushing, shoving, grabbing, kicking	

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to run to line and bounce balls?
- Is it okay to stand quietly with hands to self
- Is it okay to ignore the Freeze Bell?
- Is it okay to push?
- Is it okay to wait quietly for the teacher?
- Is it okay to continue talking in line?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing when lining up I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible line behavior; appropriate and responsible line Behavior.

Lesson: Office

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead in the Office.

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations in the Office. What are some ways to LEAD when in the Office? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example	
Be Respectful	Be Respectful Voice Level 1 Wait patiently to be acknowledged and helped Sit up straight if seated Demanding help Slouching or laying		
Be Responsible	Carry a Hall Pass Walk into the office quietly and wait at front counter	Forgetting to get a hall pass Talking as you enter the office Not waiting your turn for help	
Be Safe Show your Hall Pass Keep hands to self		No pass or pass is not visible Touching others property	
Be Kind	Say please and thank you	Lack of manners- interrupting Playing, loud talk	

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to take a green pass to the office?
- Is it okay to walk to the office?
- Is it okay to be polite and say "Please" and "Thank You?"
- Is it okay to sit nicely and wait patiently?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing when in the office. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible office behavior; appropriate and responsible office Behavior.

Lesson: Playground

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead on the Playground

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations on the playground. What are some ways to LEAD when on the playground? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation	Example	Non-Example	
Be Respectful	Solve problems with "Walk-Talk-Rock." Take care of equipment. Share equipment. Follow game rules.	Fighting/arguing. Using equipment in the wrong way. Not sharing or excluding others. Making up own game rules.	
Be Responsible	Eat Snacks on the wall, picnic tables only Throw trash in the garbage can Hold and walk equipment to cart Stay on the playground side of the yellow line	Eating on playground, dropping, leaving trash Leaving equipment on playground. Playing outside of designated area. Leaving jacket or sweatshirt on playground.	
Be Safe	Keep hands and feet to self Freeze on the warning bell Walk to your line Report concerns to an adult Use equipment properly Play kicking games on field, zero kicking balls on playgroup	Continue to play, running to line. Pushing, shoving, playing in line. Physical body contact, pushing shoving, slapping,	
Be Kind	Use appropriate language Use kind words and actions Include all in games Ask others to play	Swearing. Ignoring and excluding others.	

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to follow game rules?
- Is it okay to solve problems with Ro-Sham-Bo?
- Is it okay to freeze on the bell?
- Is it okay to wait patiently for the equipment?
- Is it okay to pick up trash?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing on the playground. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible playground behavior; appropriate and responsible playground Behavior. **Assignments:** Review the key behaviors periodically throughout the year. It is not necessary to list every behavior or role-play each situation every time. Use your professional judgment in deciding how many examples are covered in one sitting. intensive needs.

Lesson: Quad

Skill and Critical Behavior Indicator: How to Lead in the Quad

"Today we are going to talk about behavior expectations in the Quad. What are some ways to LEAD in the Quad? Shape student responses into observable behaviors around Respectful, Responsible, Safe, Kind)(e.g. if they say to be nice, ask for examples of being nice that equate to observable skills such as asking someone to play)

Today we are going to focus on:

Expectation	Example Non-Example		
Be Respectful Respect nature Standing in plan		Pulling on tree branches Standing in planting areas Picking leaves and flowers off of trees and plants	
Be Responsible	Use sidewalks at all times Clean up after yourself during outdoor lunch	Running across the lawn unch Moving across campus without a hall pass	
Be Safe	Have Hall Pass visible at all times Walk at all times Keep feet on the ground	Running down the sidewalks Climbing trees Running and paying games on the lawn	
Be Kind Respect nature Use kind words		Yelling Rough play	

Check for understanding:

(Three positive examples for every one negative example. Be sure to end with two positive examples.) For example, it should sound like this:

- Is it okay to okay walk through the quad?
- Is it okay to cross campus with a hall pass?
- Is it okay to climb trees at school?
- Is it okay to walk in the Quad?

(You can do unison response or individual turns or a combination thereof. It's important to use your professional judgment about the level of difficulty and differentiation of the questions to gain a sense of student understanding.)

Demonstrate and Role Play:

Demonstrations: I am going to show you some ways of LEADing in the Quad. I want you to watch and tell if I am being Respectful, Responsible, Safe, or Kind. Then you will get a turn to demonstrate as well (students only demonstrate appropriate behavior).

Role Plays: Inappropriate and irresponsible Quad behavior; appropriate and responsible Quad Behavior.

System for Acknowledging Behavior

At the individual student level:

• Adults in the building acknowledge appropriate student behavior with Habit Grams and/or positive, specific verbal praise

At the classroom level:

- Students can earn habit grams in any classroom.
- Rewards for habit grams will be in the student's home classroom.
- Classroom teachers will decide how and when the behaviors are recognized.

At the grade level:

• Grade level teams will work together on acknowledgement systems.

At the school level:

- At the monthly school-wide PBIS assembly, ten (10) Habit Grams will be drawn from the Habit Gram Bin
- The ten (10) students whose Habit Grams are drawn from the box will receive the *Timberwolf Award*

Acknowledgment Guidelines

It is not enough just to teach expected behavior, we also need to regularly recognize and reward students for engaging in appropriate behavior. Research on effective teaching has found that teachers should engage in a rate of 4 positive interactions with students to every 1 negative interaction (**4:1 ratio**). The goal of an acknowledgment system is to increase the number of positive interactions that all school staff have with students.

At Twin Oaks Elementary School we use The Leader in Me and PBIS to acknowledge students for appropriate behavior. When recognizing students with a Habit Gram, it is important to identify specifically what behavior the student engaged in and link it to the appropriate school rule.

Adult behavior when providing acknowledgement is:

- Positive
- Specific, clear
- Applied immediately
- Teacher initiated
- Focused on improvement

Examples of strategies to acknowledge behavior:

Free & Frequent	Intermittent	Strong & Long Term
Verbal Praise	Token Economy	Group Contingency
Smile	Phone calls	Field Trip
Stickers	Special Privileges	Special Project
Rubber Stamp	Computer Time	Recognition
Thumbs Up	Social/Free Time	Ceremonies
Home Notes	Special Seat	Honor Roll

System for Correcting Behavior

Consistent and fair discipline procedures are crucial to a successful consequence system in all schools. It is important that we are respectful of students in our disciplinary responses. Consequences should focus on teaching, remediation, or logical consequences as much as possible (i.e. if a student breaks a window they work it off in restitution, etc.). In providing consequences we also want to be mindful of the instructional time students are missing with the goal of minimizing the amount of instructional time missed.

In order to maximize student instructional time staff are encouraged to deal with problem behavior in their classroom as much as possible. This requires that staff develop a clear discipline plan, teach expectations and routines, provide incentives for positive behavior, and establish clear classroom responses to problem behavior for their classroom. If teachers are experiencing pervasive problem behavior in their classroom, they are advised to seek assistance or additional consultation by contacting the principal.

Active Supervision Guidelines

Active Supervision is a monitoring procedure that uses three components: moving, scanning and interacting frequently.

Moving Effectively

- Constantly roam throughout the zone
- Make presence known and obvious
- Proximity to all students
- More frequent proximity to students requiring extra support
- Randomized
- Targets Problem Areas

Scanning Effectively

- All students observed on a regular basis
- Make eye contact with students in more distant locations of the room
- Look and listen for signs of a problem

Interacting Frequently

- Positive contacts
- Friendly, helpful, open demeanor
- Proactive, non-contingent reinforcement
- High rate of delivery
- Positive reinforcement
- Immediate and contingent on behavior
- Delivered at high rates and consistently

Twin Oaks Elementary School Behavior Incident Form

Be Respectful - Be Responsible - Be Safe - Be Kind			Location	
Name: Date: Grade: K 1 2 Teacher: Referring Staff:	Time:3 4 5 6		□ Bathroom □ Library □ Cafeteria □ Classroom □ Other	☐ Office ☐ Playground
Minor Problem Behavior	Major F	Problem Behav	/ior	Perceived Motivation
 □ Defiance □ Disrespect □ Disruption □ Inappropriate Language □ Physical Contact □ Property Misuse □ Technology Violation □ Other 	 □ Abusive/ Inapp. Langue □ Defiance □ Disruption □ Fighting □ Harassment □ Lying/Cheating Use/Possession of: □ Alcohol □Weapons 	☐ Disre☐ Dress☐ Forgo☐ Prop☐ Othe	spect s Code ery/Theft/Plagiarism erty Damage er	Function of Behavior Automatic Reinforcement Tangible (wants) Attention (+/-) Escape/Avoidance T Escape/Avoidance A Escape/Avoidance P
	Actio	on Taken		
 □ Conference with Student □ Individualized Instruction □ Loss of Privilege □ Parent Contact □ Restitution/Community Ser 	vice	☐ In-Schoo	ut the Office/Loss of Soci ol Suspension (School Suspension (_hours/days) hours/days)
	None Teacher Peers Staff		te 🗆 Unknown	
Signatures:				
Student			Parent	

Major & Minor Offenses Defined

	MINOR	Always a MAJOR offense.
	WIINOK	Student delivers disrespectful messages to another person that includes threats or
Bullying/		intimidation, obscene gestures, pictures, or written notes.
Harassment	MAJOR	* Disrespectful messages include negative comments based on race, religion, gender, age,
Harassinein	MAJOK	and/or national origin; sustained or intense verbal attacks based on ethnic origin,
		disabilities, or other personal matters.
		atsabilities, or other personal matters.
Lying/	MINOR	Always a MAJOR offense.
Cheating	MAJOR	Student delivers message that is untrue and/or deliberately violates rules.
<u> </u>		
Defiance,	MINOR	Student engages in brief or low-intensity failure to respond to adult requests.
Disrespect,	MAJOR	Student repeatedly engages in sustained (or high-intensity) failure to respond to adult
Noncompliance	MAJOR	requests (for verbal disrespect, see Inappropriate Language).
		,
	MINOR	Student engages in low-intensity, but inappropriate, disruption
Disruption		Student engages in sustained or high intensity disruption. Behavior causing an interruption
	MAJOR	in a class activity. Disruption includes sustained loud talk, yelling, or screaming; noise with
		materials; horseplay or roughhousing; and/or sustained out-of-seat behavior.
	MINOD	Al MAJOD eff
Fighting	MINOR MAJOR	Always a MAJOR offense Student is involved in mutual participation in an incident involving physical violence.
	MAJOK	Student is involved in mutual participation in all incident involving physical violence.
		Student delivers low-intensity verbal messages/gestures that include swearing, name calling,
Inappropriate	MINOR	or use of words in an inappropriate way.
Language		Student delivers abusive, profane verbal messages/gestures that include swearing, name
Zungunge	MAJOR	calling, or use of words in an inappropriate way and directed at others.
	I	
O 4 - C D 1-	MINOR	Always a MAJOR offense.
Out-of-Bounds	MAJOR	MAJOR Student is in an area that is outside of school boundaries.
		Student engages in non-serious, but inappropriate physical contact. Student touches another
Physical	MINOR	student or gets in another student's space without permission and in such a manner that
Contact or		makes the other student uncomfortable.
Aggression	MATOR	Student engages in actions involving serious physical contact where injury may occur, such
	MAJOR	as hitting, punching, hitting with an object, kicking, hair pulling.
		Student touches another person's private areas or displays own private areas.
Property	MINOR	Student engages in low-intensity misuse of property.
Misuse/Damage	MAJOR	Student engages in low-intensity misuse of property. Student engages in an activity that results in damage, disfigurement, destruction of property.
Wilsuse/Dailiage	MAJOK	Student engages in an activity that results in damage, disrigurement, destruction of property.
	MINOR	Always a MAJOR offense.
Public Display		Student engages in inappropriate, consensual verbal and/or physical gestures/contact, of a
of Affection	MAJOR	sexual nature to another student/adult
	MINOR	Student engages in non-serious, but inappropriate use of cell phone, computer, camera, or
Technology	MINOR	other technology device.
Violation	MAJOR	Student engages in serious and inappropriate use of cell phone, computer, camera, or other
		technology device.
L		
	1	
	MINOR	Always a MAJOR offense.
Theft, Forgery,		Student is in possession of, having passed on, or being responsible for removing someone
Theft, Forgery, Plagiarism	MINOR MAJOR	

Twin Oaks Elementary School Reflection Interview

Student:		Teacher/Grade:		
Da	nte:	_ Time:	Interviewing Staff:	
1.	What did you do? (St	art with "I" and l	be as specific as you can.)	
2.	How did your actions	affect others stu	idents and/or adults?	
3.	What did you want ar	nd why?		
4.	Did you get what you	wanted; why or	why not?	
5.	What could you have	done differently	to have avoided this situation?	
6.	What is your next ste	p and how will y	you handle it appropriately?	